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- A expansion of the stochastic beam search.
- Choose population (randomly selected states).

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 Each individual state must be represented by a string over a finite alphabet (binary bits, characters, etc.)
 For instance: n-queens states represent by bits the location of each queen, 8-queens needs 24 bits, 3 bits per column.
 The next generation of states is created by examining the current set of states and their fitness (typically by the standard evaluative function). Then a random (but probabilistically chosen) set of states are chosen. Those states are paired and a crossover point is chosen randomly. New states are created from the two parents by appending substrings from the parents together based on the crossover.

Genetic Algorithms (briefly) · Mutations can be added in with small independent probability. This will be dependent on the problem, but represent a change in a generated state's string. For instance – moving a single queen randomly in its column.

Adding Nondeterminism • Consider an erratic Vacuum World - when the Suck command is executed the vacuum cleans just the current square, cleans the currents square and an adjacent square, or deposits dirt onto a clean square. · How do we deal with this non-determinism? What does our state space look like? How do we search when we don't know what's next? Consider all the options!

AND-OR Search Trees

- · Search trees where certain branches represent decisions (OR) and certain branches represent options that must all be taken.
- For instance: our Suck command on a clean square.
- What about just sitting at a particular state?
- We assume that we have a fully observable environment.







